

# Finally, there is a blood test for **early cancer detection** in dogs



“ *Early detection and treatment are the best ways to manage cancer in pets... cancer is frequently treatable and early diagnosis will aid your veterinarian in delivering the best care possible.*

- American Veterinary Medical Association

## What is cancer screening?

Just like in people, cancer screening should be an important part of preventive care in dogs; the goal is to look for cancer when your pet is feeling well, before they start to show any clinical signs. During **wellness visits**, your veterinarian may look for early signs of cancer in your dog by performing a thorough physical exam and asking you about any concerning observations. Your veterinarian may also perform routine blood and imaging tests, and may recommend OncoK9 - a new blood test that could detect cancer before your dog shows any clinical signs.

## What is OncoK9?

The OncoK9 liquid biopsy test uses a simple blood draw to detect abnormal DNA released into circulation by cancer cells.



### SIMPLE BLOOD DRAW

Your veterinarian will collect a blood sample from your dog.



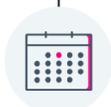
### MULTI-CANCER COVERAGE

OncoK9 can detect **30 different types of cancer**, including eight of the most common cancers in dogs.



### CUTTING-EDGE TECHNOLOGY

OncoK9 uses state-of-the-art **next-generation sequencing (NGS)** technology to detect changes in DNA that are indicative of cancer.



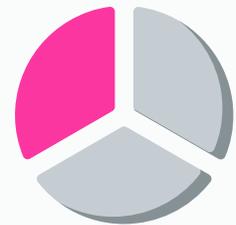
### EARLY DETECTION

OncoK9 may help detect cancer early, **when your dog still looks healthy** and has the best chance of defeating the disease.

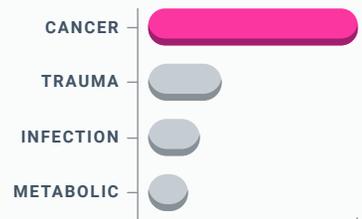


### CLINICALLY VALIDATED

OncoK9 was clinically validated with the **largest clinical study of its kind**.



Lifetime Risk of Cancer:  
**1 in 3 Dogs**



Cancer Is by Far the **#1 Cause of Death in Dogs**

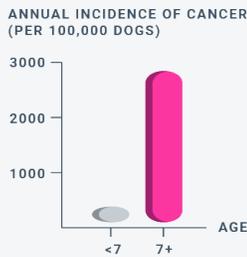
Defeating cancer starts with Knowing your dog has it



# Which dogs may benefit from **cancer screening** using OncoK9®?

## All Dogs Age 7 and Older

Older dogs are at higher risk of cancer, regardless of breed. Consider adding OncoK9 to their routine wellness exams.



9x Higher Risk of Cancer Over Age 7



## Younger Dogs from Breeds at Higher Risk of Cancer

Certain breeds, shown to the right, have a higher lifetime risk of cancer and/or higher risk of developing cancer earlier in life.



Other breeds, not shown, may also have a higher risk of cancer. For supporting scientific references, please visit [petdx.science/higher-cancer-risk](https://petdx.science/higher-cancer-risk).

## Recommended Age to Start Cancer Screening in Higher Risk Breeds

### Common Breeds

 Beagle 7 years	 Bernese Mountain Dog 5 years	 Boxer 4 years	 Flat-Coated Retriever 7 years
 French Bulldog 6 years	 German Shepherd 7 years	 Golden Retriever 6 years	 Labrador Retriever 7 years
 Rhodesian Ridgeback 6 years	 Rottweiler 6 years	 Siberian Husky 7 years	

### Giant Breeds

 Great Dane 4 years	 Irish Wolfhound 4 years	 Mastiff 4 years	 Scottish Deerhound 6 years
---------------------------	--------------------------------	------------------------	-----------------------------------

### When should I start screening my dog?



Scan this QR code to access the **OncoK9 Cancer SAFE™ Tool** to find out the recommended age to start cancer screening for your dog, or visit [cancersafe.petdx.com](https://cancersafe.petdx.com).

Ask your veterinarian about **OncoK9®** today

### OncoK9 – Disclosures & Risks

OncoK9 requires a blood collection performed under the care of a licensed veterinarian, and test results are returned to the veterinarian for communication to the pet owner. As with any laboratory test, OncoK9 results should be interpreted by a veterinarian in the context of each patient's medical history and clinical presentation. Test failures and false positive or false negative results may occur.

To review OncoK9 test limitations and risks, please visit: [oncoK9.info/disclosures](https://oncoK9.info/disclosures)